

CONVENTION HAS CONCLUDED WORK

Republican Ticket in Entirety Is Now in the Field for the Contest.

HUGHES GETS THE KNIFE

Achi Dumped—Cohen Scratched Off Ballot—House Ticket Excellent One.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

SENATE.
Fourth District:—Chas. Chillingworth, Cecil Brown.
Fifth District:—A. F. Judd, A. S. Kaleiopa.
HOUSE.
Fourth District:—John K. Kamanoulu, E. A. C. Long, A. Q. Macallano, Norman Watkins, Ed. Towse, William Williamson.
Fifth District:—Frank K. Archer, A. L. Castle, S. P. Correa, Chas. Kanekoa, S. K. Mahoe, Edwin Fernandez.

The Republican county convention met again last night and concluded its labors by the selection of the above legislative ticket, final adjournment being taken about midnight after a warm but not unduly exciting session.

A good many predictions failed to come true and several political ambitions were, temporarily at least, blasted, in the results of the voting for candidates, but most of the work was done outside of the convention hall and much of it could easily have been predicted long before the chairman's gavel descended to call the convention to order.

The knife was not greatly in evidence, having been carefully concealed, but its results were plainly evident. John Hughes, one of the most promising candidates and a man whose nomination had been looked upon as a certainty, was defeated by Cecil Brown, who was aided, it is well understood, by Charlie Achi, John Wise and John Lane. Notwithstanding the fact that the Kakaako delegation unexpectedly swung its votes to the support of Hughes at the eleventh hour, he was unable to weather the storm and went down to defeat under the weight of the votes piled up against him.

Charlie Chillingworth, who for two or three days had been considerably worried as to whether it was John Hughes or himself who was to be knifed, let Cecil Brown in, got through by a safe majority, the storm passing over his head and striking Hughes fairly amidships.

A. F. Judd had no opposition whatever, he being nominated by acclamation. A. S. Kaleiopa defeated Achi for the short term.

House Nominees.

Among those who were nominated are Frank Archer, once a member of the board of supervisors; Ed. Towse, the original insurgent of Kaimuki; John Kamanoulu, who was in the house last session; A. L. Castle, a young man in politics; S. P. Correa, another old member of the house; E. A. C. Long, who as chairman of the committee on education in the house has made good the past two sessions; Norman Watkins, new to legislative life; William Williamson, who is better known as a stockbroker than as a politician; S. K. Mahoe, the man who won't stay dead, and Eddie Fernandez, a young business man who is just entering political life.

The convention showed good sense in turning down the political ambitions of Kama, the representative of the water-front gamblers, whose past court record is nearly as long as the legs with which he runs away whenever he sees a policeman approaching.

Cohen Gets a Cold Deal.

Joe Cohen, who was anxious for nomination to the senate, received what many in the convention hall pronounced a mighty rough deal. He was virtually read out of the party by Chairman Breckons, who insisted that, as Mr. Cohen had refused to take the pledge, question of whether or not he would support the immigration plank in the platform.

Cohen, who during the past twenty-four hours had begun to see a great light and had prepared himself to perform a political flip-flop, tried to explain his attitude, but John Wise, from the floor of the convention, demanded that Cohen be shut off—and then proceeded himself to walk up to the platform and make a windy and exceedingly bitter speech against Cohen. Chairman Breckons shut Cohen off, but allowed Wise to say about all he had to say—a procedure which made a good many of the delegates, even those who were not friendly to Cohen, pretty sore. Cohen, while in the face of the insult he had received, left the platform and retired to the political grave dug for him.

Started Off Promptly.

It was just seven-forty-seven when Chairman Breckons called the reconvened convention to order and instructed the clerk to call the roll. Contrary to expectations, the number of delegates represented by proxies was comparatively small, the outside delegates notwithstanding their so much bewailed poverty, being mostly present.

A Quorum was Present.

Whereupon invited.

Breckons announced that it was his

pleasure to invite delegates, candidates, defeated and successful—to a luncheon to be held at Hiram hall tonight. The luncheon is given by the Republican party.

The announcement was greeted with the applause that might be expected to greet such an announcement.

Breckons said that the chairman would particularly see to it that those delegates who have been kicking on expense, particularly Mr. Sharratt, would get all that was coming to them.

Judd by Acclamation.

The chairman announced that the next business was the balloting for senators, and he wanted to know what method should be employed.

A. L. Castle moved that as it had been agreed that the fifth district was to have one long term senator and one short term senator, and as A. F. Judd was the only candidate for the long term for the fifth, he should be nominated by acclamation.

At the suggestion of J. A. Kennedy, Mr. Judd was called to the platform and pledged his support to the platform and the entire ticket.

Breckons then put the motion to nominate Mr. Judd by acclamation and he was nominated amid a burst of enthusiastic applause. Mr. Judd was then called upon for a speech.

All Ready to Begin.

He said he had come prepared to begin the campaign and was ready to take the stump to support all the candidates. He was ready to begin active work and believed he would be able to work and assist the party to victory.

He was generously applauded.

Platform Full.

Chairman Breckons then called upon the other candidates to come forward and take the pledge, and Cecil Brown, Chas. Chillingworth, J. C. Cohen, Clarence Crabbe, John Hughes and W. C. Achi, candidates for the senate, and C. H. Brown, M. Deponte, Kamanoulu, S. K. Kaleo, E. K. Lilikalani, A. Macallano, E. A. Long, St. C. Pinnau, Ed. Towse, Norman Watkins, William Williamson, candidates for the house from the fourth, and A. S. Kaleiopa, W. C. Achi, Frank Archer, A. L. Castle, Edwin Fernandez, E. J. Gay, S. P. Correa, Joe Kalana, Wm. Isaacs, Sonny Gay, S. K. Kamaoka, Wm. Kane, Chas. Kanekoa, Solomon Maholona and S. K. Mahoe, candidates from the fifth, lined up on the platform to take the pledge.

Cohen Explains.

Joe Cohen had something to say. He deemed it his right to state his position on the immigration question. When the bill was introduced in the legislature, there were several other bills relating to education, the beautifying of the land and so forth. He was in favor of the importation of labor, but he understood that if this bill passed the others would be lost. Therefore he fought the immigration bill—and lost.

Usual Butt-In.

John Wise interrupted the speaker. When he spoke up, Breckons said he himself was about to interrupt Mr. Cohen. Wise trotted up on the platform, butted in without comment from the chair, and spoke up.

Under Wise's arm was a copy of the house journal; on his face was an expression of one about to accomplish mighty things. Cohen looked surprised to see him taking possession of the convention, but stood still while Wise read how Cohen had finally voted for the immigration bill after it had returned from the senate, days after he had opposed it on the floor of the house and lost. Wise appeared to think this a clinching argument about something, but why Cohen should be opposed now on a platform pledging support to the law because he had voted for the law is a paradox which only a genius of ratiocination like Wise might see through. Considering that Wise argued against the immigration law in his paper, the Ke Au Hou, within the past two months, his present intense anxiety to defeat Cohen can be traced back to only one source—bribery money.

The way Wise has been allowed to make himself conspicuous all through the Republican convention has disgusted a large number of people, people who respect a man for standing up for his convictions but whose stomachs are turned at the sight of one who is openly for sale.

"Mr. Cohen," he said, "do you 'pledge yourself to this platform?' 'If it does not mean the dumping of foreign labor on the streets of Honolulu,'" said Cohen, "and the throwing of Hawaiian labor out—"

"Mr. Cohen," said Breckons, "refuses to pledge himself to the platform and is therefore disqualified. The other candidates will take the pledge."

They did, and Cohen was virtually ejected, while the political renegade, John Wise, was allowed to paw the air and do and say what he pleased. Breckons once more announcing that Mr. Cohen was not a candidate.

Cohen, white as a sheet, retired from the platform while Wise was allowed to go on talking against a man who at least is honest and not for sale.

Balloting Begins.

Breckons then called the judges and tellers to the fore for the purpose of taking the vote.

Harry Murray suggested that, as Mr. Cohen had refused to take the pledge, question of whether or not he would support the immigration plank in the platform. Breckons so ordered it, at the same time stating that in his opinion the rule requiring the candidates to take the pledge was an extremely foolish rule.

Only one ballot was necessary, the result of the vote being announced as follows:

Long Term Senators.

Cecil Brown, 146, Chas. Chillingworth, 121, Clarence Crabbe, 47, John Hughes, 78.

Short Term Senators.

Charlie Achi, 80, A. S. Kaleiopa, 126. The chairman announced that for the long term the convention had nominated Mr. Brown and Mr. Chillingworth for the fourth district and for the short term, Mr. Kaleiopa, Mr. Judd being nominated by acclamation in the fifth for the long term.

Defeated Satisfied.

John Hughes moved that the nomination of Cecil Brown be made unanimous. The convention applauded and the chairman announced that there were no more names.

Clarence Crabbe moved that the nomination of Chas. Chillingworth be made unanimous. Carried without objection.

Breckons announced that it was his

Wia With His Help.

Charlie Achi moved that the nomination of A. S. Kaleiopa be made unanimous as candidate for the short term. Achi further announced that with the efforts of the rank and file with his backing, the nominations would be turned into elections.

The chairman hoped Mr. Achi would stay with what he had said.

A. S. Kaleiopa thanked the convention for the confidence shown in him.

Joked Davis.

The next order of business was voting for nominees for the house of representatives, and the chairman called for the votes.

But the proper order of business had to include a speech from George Davis. This was a put-up job on George, but he didn't know it and started in bravely.

But the chairman ruled him out of order, the secretary reading a proxy from Davis appointing Sam Parker to represent him in the convention.

"Mr. Davis is out of order," ruled the chairman, ignoring the fact that the proxy was dated several days later than the convention. "Mr. Davis is no longer a member of the convention."

Davis saw the point—of the forgery—and subsided, to the tune of the laughter of the assemblage.

House Nominations.

The voting for candidates for the house then began.

From the Fifth.

The fifth was in first to announce its results which were as follows: Frank K. Archer, 47; A. L. Castle, 75; S. P. Correa, 62; E. J. Gay, 11; Wm. K. Isaacs, 5; Jos. Kalana, 9; D. K. Kama, 27; S. K. Kamaoka, 6; Wm. A. Kane, 17; Chas. Kanekoa, 63; Ruel Kinney, 17; Sol. Maholona, 29; S. K. Mahoe, 40.

Four Elected.

This meant that Frank K. Archer, A. L. Castle, S. P. Correa and Charles Kanekoa had been nominated, and it was necessary to vote again to nominate two more out of the list not chosen.

Some Withdrew.

William A. Kane, E. J. Gay, Wm. K. Isaacs, Ruel Kinney, Joseph Kalana and E. J. Crawford announced their withdrawal as candidates for the fifth. The second ballot resulted as follows: Ed. K. Fernandez, 37; D. K. Kama, 21; S. K. Kamaoka, 12; Sol. Maholona, 29; S. K. Mahoe, 60.

This elected S. K. Mahoe, as one other candidate from the fifth, leaving one other to be nominated. Kamaoka announced his withdrawal.

Made It Unanimous.

Ben Zaban moved that the rules be suspended and the next highest candidate be declared the nominee. This meant Edwin Fernandez. But Breckons declared the motion out of order, the rules declaring that a majority vote must elect. Murray butted in on this but was ruled out of order as having no business interfering with the fifth district.

Adams moved that Fernandez be chosen by acclamation as the sixth nominee from the fifth. This carried with but two dissenting votes and Fernandez was declared nominated.

Fourth District.

The first ballot in the fourth resulted as follows: Robert Hoapili Baker, 46; C. H. Brown, 13; M. S. Deponte, 30; Lima Kahunaale, 47; J. H. S. Kaleo, 3; Jno. K. Kamaoka, 81; Hiram Kolomoku, 53; E. K. Lilikalani, 8; E. A. C. Long, 78; Geo. Makalena, 14; A. Q. Macallano, 77; A. St. C. Pinnau, 37; Ed. Towse, 58; Norman Watkins, 80; Wm. Williamson, 51.

This vote elected Kamanoulu, Long, Macallano and Watkins. Two more were to be elected.

Deponte, Kaleo and Geo. Makalena, and Lilikalani withdrew. The second ballot resulted in only Ed. Towse receiving a majority, he getting 70 votes. The chairman declared him elected and told the delegates to prepare their ballots to choose their sixth man.

John Macallano moved that the rules be suspended and Wm. Williamson be declared the choice of the fourth.

This motion carried and Williamson was declared nominated.

Thanks and Cheers.

W. W. Harris moved that before the convention adjourned a vote of thanks be extended to the chairman for the able manner in which he had presided over the convention. Carried.

A vote of thanks was also extended to the booth and printing committee.

A delegate from the fifth urged that the chairman of the convention see the mayor and the board of supervisors and ask them to attend the luncheon tonight. Carried. And the convention broke up as the lights began to go out.

County Committee.

Before adjournment, however, the following county committee was chosen:

Fourth District.

First precinct, E. A. Douthitt. Second precinct, Isaac H. Harbottle. Third precinct, W. H. Charlock Jr. Fourth precinct, Geo. A. Davis. Fifth precinct, Chas. Hastece Jr. Sixth precinct, Andrew I. Bright. Seventh precinct, Chas. S. Bartlett. Eighth precinct, Sam Parker. Ninth precinct, Jno. Macallano. Tenth precinct, J. H. Wise. Eleventh precinct, Agui Alau.

Fifth District.

First precinct, Frank Paha. Second precinct, Mark A. Robinson. Third precinct, Fred L. K. Naone. Fourth precinct, Andrew Adams. Fifth precinct, Oscar Cox. Sixth precinct, James I. Munden. Seventh precinct, Albert Waterhouse. Ninth precinct, H. R. Alapai. Tenth precinct, Abraham Fernandez. Eleventh precinct, H. K. Kane. Twelfth precinct, A. S. Kaleiopa. Thirteenth precinct, Ben F. Zaban. Fourteenth precinct, Chas. Kanekoa. Fifteenth precinct, Wm. Henry.

HOW TO CURE A COLD.

Be as careful as you can, you will occasionally take cold, and when you do, get a medicine of known reliability, one that has an established reputation and that is certain to effect a quick cure. Such a medicine is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It has gained a worldwide reputation by its remarkable cures of this most common ailment, and can always be depended upon. For sale by all dealers. Beware, Smith & Co. agents for Hawaii.

HENRY HAPAI MAY BE ARRESTED

Refuses to Construct Sidewalk Around His Hilo Property.

Henry Hapai, registrar of the treasury department of the territorial government, is liable to be arrested on a criminal warrant within a few days. Attorney-General Lindsay is seriously considering ordering the warrant to be issued, and if it is, he will prosecute Hapai to the extent of the law.

The charge against the territorial officer is that he refuses to lay a sidewalk along his property in the business section of Hilo.

For over a year the Hapai property in Hilo has been a subject of contention. The supervisors of the Big Island have time and time again declared that Hapai must lay a sidewalk along his property. But Henry would do nothing of the kind. Then Superintendent Campbell issued an order that Henry must have a sidewalk laid. Henry paid as much attention to the superintendent of public works as he had to the supervisors.

Consequently, everybody got sore, and when the delegates from the Big Island to the territorial convention arrived in Honolulu, some of them went to Governor Freat, Attorney-General Lindsay and Superintendent Campbell and wanted to know what could be done about the matter.

Marston Campbell suggested that he could have the sidewalk laid and charge the cost to Hapai, but his did not satisfy the Hilo contingent. Hapai had defied them and ignored the government and he must be made to suffer for it.

Yesterday Attorney-General Lindsay stated that he had about lost patience and was seriously thinking of having Henry Hapai arrested under the criminal clause of the sidewalk law and punished for refusing to lay that walk.

QUARANTINE LAW MUST BE OBEYED

Twenty-seven members of the crew of the Matsun Navigation steamship Wilhelmnia, who left the ship contrary to orders when she was lying in quarantine, on account of smallpox, at the railroad wharf Monday night, are now under arrest on warrants issued at the instigation of the United States district attorney, R. W. Breckons, charging them with the serious offense of breaking quarantine, which means that they are each likely to suffer ten months' imprisonment at hard labor.

The Wilhelmnia was in quarantine on account of a quartermaster being put ashore at Hilo with a sickness said to be smallpox.

Upon arriving here from Hilo, early Sunday morning, the Wilhelmnia first went to the quarantine wharf, afterward shifting to the railroad wharf to discharge all cargo, where she was breasted away from the wharf about six feet, and quarantine guards were placed to keep people from going aboard and to prevent members of the crew from coming ashore. All this was for the protection of the city against any possible spread of the disease.

Notwithstanding the seriousness of the situation, and notwithstanding the fact that each member of the crew was carefully warned what risk he would run if he broke quarantine, a number of the ship's company nevertheless deliberately forced their way ashore. As related yesterday, the police expected trouble with them, and on Monday night the ship was guarded to prevent the runaways trying to rush aboard.

Yesterday they were rounded up by the police and sent over to Quarantine Island, where for five or six days they will remain to finish out their period of quarantine, after which they will be prosecuted for breaking quarantine, and if convicted, as many of them are likely to be, will go to Oahu prison for a term of not more than ten months.

It is the federal idea to make such an example of this case that in future there will be more serious thought of the consequences of breaking quarantine, so that seamen will realize what risk it means to the town, in addition to what punishment it may mean to themselves.

CALL FOR BIDS TO BUILD BREAKWATERS

The first step in the construction of the Hilo and Kahului breakwaters under federal supervision is taken today when the call is issued for bids. All tenders are to be addressed to the office of Major Winslow of the Engineer Corps, who has the specifications on file.

This commences the great work of harbor improvement in the Hawaiian Islands by which the larger harbors will be bettered by artificial means at once and ultimately safer refuges for vessels be constructed generally throughout the group.

ISLAND SET ASIDE FOR LIGHTHOUSE

Governor Freat yesterday issued a proclamation setting aside the little island of Mokuiki as a lighthouse site. The island, which is about eighteen acres in extent, lies between Maui and Kahoolawe. The Governor states that the construction of a lighthouse will be commenced soon. The island was set aside under Section 91 of the Organic Act, which authorizes the President of the United States to set aside public land for federal purposes.

DEMOCRATIC SPLIT IS WIDE

Reported That Trent Will Bolt the Platform and Flock With Charley McCarthy.

M'CANDLESS OFFERS \$10,000

Insists That the Platform Should Contain Anti-Immigration Plank for Him.

The split in the Democratic ranks over the immigration question has proven to be greater than any the unfettered ever hoped would occur among the Republicans. Where the latter came together on their platform almost without any discord whatever, the Democratic platform question has cost the Democrats some of their best men and they may lose more.

R. H. Trent, is now said to be preparing to join the ranks of the discontented, meaning those ranks led by Colonel McCarthy and Joe Cohen, who, while holding opposing ideas on the matter are both alike insofar as they have fallen out with, and of, their parties.

McCandless and Trent held a two-hour consultation yesterday in which immigration is supposed to have been the one absorbing topic. McCandless stated that he was a candidate only on condition that an anti-immigration plank be put in the Democratic platform; Trent reiterated his assertions that the party would have to leave the whole matter alone before he would consent to run for the treasurer.

McCandless then stated that he would start the Democratic fund with a donation of \$10,000, which would be the price of the anti-immigration plank and the meeting broke up to meet another day.

Trent is preparing a treatise on immigration which he says will be published in "a reasonable time." When questioned he refused to state which side of the question he believed in but would rather wait until this treatise was published.

With the immigration matter still showing itself as the nasty snag on which the Democratic would-be ship of state has struck, the Democratic territorial convention comes off Thursday night. The matter must be settled on that date if it is to be settled at all. The county convention comes off on the following evening when the candidates will no doubt be asked to pledge themselves to the Democratic platform. What will Trent do then?

Mayor Fern stated last night that he didn't know what stand he would take on the immigration matter as he would abide by the decision of the Democratic caucus.

The county leaders will caucus Thursday evening while the territorial convention is in progress.

So far as known the following have been slated for the supervisor nominations, C. J. Campbell, W. H. McClellan (incumbent), Manuel Silva the undertaker, Mr. Foster of the draying company and T. H. Petrie. Two Hawaiian names complete the list.

For the senate Mike Harvey and Doctor Raymond now appear as the probable candidates, the withdrawal of McCarthy leaving the third place open. Attorney J. Lightfoot seems to be lined up for the house and Dan Kamauna is another slated for a try at the legislature.

JOHN G. WOOLLEY HAS SAILED FOR MAINLAND

(From Thursday's Advertiser.)

John G. Woolley was a departing passenger on the Manchuria yesterday, bound for the southern States. Mr. Woolley's intention to leave Hawaii was foreshadowed in the last number of The Friend, of which he was associate editor. In that number Theodore Richards says in appreciation of his work in the late plebiscite campaign: "In the old days of college rushes, the most spectacular as well as the most risky was that when class met in huge triangles of human weight, apex to apex."

"It was an honor to be chosen for the point of contact. The boldest and bravest usually got the job, and bore the brunt and most of the bruises too."

"When the liquor interests and the prohibitionists clashed in the plebiscite rush, we had our best and brainiest at the apex all right, but it verily looked as though the enemy did most of the planning of our formation with a view to mangling our front. The Bulletin, the 'paid agitator' of the liquor people, may have been said to have done a good stroke of strategy for its client when it kept ringing the changes on 'Woolleyism' as the mainspring of the movement against the saloons. To make the people believe that the fight against liquor was purely the result of a 'butt in' on the part of an outsider, seemed to be a puerile and impossible task. We are not sure altogether whether a paper of the low morals of the Bulletin really succeeded in accomplishing this or whether it but voiced the sentiment of many who wanted to believe it. It was clear enough that many whose financial interests suggested that they find a 'scapegoat' gladly hailed a chance to put the odium on the back of the maligned for the violation of what they were pleased to call their 'conscience.' So John G. Woolley, after thirty years of big battle over large areas with at least plenty of fresh air, appeared to be presenting the spectacle of standing at bay in the nation's backyard (common parlance) and nostrils affronted by the little local consessions. To be sure, it will not hurt him, but we are sure that it had to be. Back to the chief."

ISLAND SET ASIDE FOR LIGHTHOUSE

Governor Freat yesterday issued a proclamation setting aside the little island of Mokuiki as a lighthouse site. The island, which is about eighteen acres in extent, lies between Maui and Kahoolawe. The Governor states that the construction of a lighthouse will be commenced soon. The island was set aside under Section 91 of the Organic Act, which authorizes the President of the United States to set aside public land for federal purposes.

OLD GUARD STILL HOLDS THE FORT

New York Primaries Leave the Situation Practically as It Was.

CITY SOLID FOR TEDDY

Reactionaries Claim to Have All the Majorities From the Outside Districts.

NEW YORK, September 14.—As a result of the primaries throughout the State yesterday, which developed into a fight to a finish between Theodore Roosevelt and the leaders of the "Old Guard"—William Barnes, Jr., Timothy Woodruff and Vice-President Sherman—the relative position of the factions remains the same as when the Republican State convention, by a vote of twenty to thirteen, elected Vice-President Sherman temporary chairman and defeated Colonel Roosevelt.

Roosevelt returned to the State on Sunday and took a leading part in the primaries. As a result he will have almost the entire delegation from New York city and the surrounding county, a delegation of one hundred and ninety. His opponents claim that they have carried the outside counties. They claim that one hundred and nine delegates out of the one hundred and forty-two from Kings County are theirs and that they have elected twenty-four in Queens County and eight from Richmond.

Roosevelt returned to the State on Sunday and took a leading part in the primaries. As a result he will have almost the entire delegation from New York city and the surrounding county, a delegation of one hundred and ninety. His opponents claim that they have carried the outside counties. They claim that one hundred and nine delegates out of the one hundred and forty-two from Kings County are theirs and that they have elected twenty-four in Queens County and eight from Richmond.

BALLINGER'S OWN STATE AGAINST HIM

Washington State Insurgents Win All Along the Line in the Primaries.

SEATTLE, September 14.—The Insurgents are the victors in the State primaries just concluded after a bitter fight, Congressman Poindexter being nominated as United States Senator over Senator Piles, the candidate of the regulars is over thirty thousand.

All three insurgent congressmen have been nominated, which gives the State wholly over to insurgency.

20,000 DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY IN ARKANSAS

LITTLE ROCK, Arkansas, September 13.—The Democratic majority in the State is near 20,000, a trifle under that of the last election. It was 21,904 in 1908 and 31,784 in 1906, the smallest Democratic majority in the State since 1878 having been 15,000.

The progress of the count at present indicates that the constitutional amendments calling for the initiative and referendum have both carried.

ESTRADA RECOGNIZED AND HELP GIVEN

WASHINGTON, September 14.—The Estrada government of Nicaragua has been formally recognized by the American government, the Nicaraguan representative here, David Arrellano, named by President Estrada, being received by the department of state yesterday. Thomas Dawson, the recently appointed American minister to Panama, has been named to proceed to Managua to assist the new government in straightening out the financial affairs of the republic.

HARVARD AERONAUT WINS GLORY AND CASH

BOSTON, September 14.—White, the Harvard champion, added to his laurels at the meeting of the Aero Club of America here yesterday. He won four first places in the aeronautic contests and came second in three contests,